

EYFS Medium Term Planning Year A Spring What is it made of and why? *Nursery Outcomes *Reception Outcomes

Area of Learning	3.1.22	10.1.2 2	17.1.2 2	24.1.22	31.1.22	7.2.22	14.2.22	28.2 .22	7.3. 22	14.3.22	21.3. 22	28.3. 22	4.4.22	
Block Focus	(Science Materia Connec Builder I	i ls ctions:		Past and Pr (History) Jobs over and Connection Military Firefighters Medic Toys	lime ons to:	Being Imagi native and Expressive (Music) Singing Instruments : Keeping a beat Rhythm	Technolo gy and E Safety (Computi ng) Program ming Recordin g Internet	Creat With Mate (Art) Conne TD dad Clay – sculpte Pattern William Morris Colour mixing	rials ection: d? ure	British Science Week Caring for our environment	Creati With Mater (D&T) Mode makin clay	rials el ng-	People, Culture Communes (RE) F3 Who places are special and world. F4 Who times a special and world.	e and uniti ich s al chy? at are al chy? tion story
Seasons and Celebrati ons	New Year St David' s Day				Chinese New Year Food tasting	Safer internet Day/Week	S COUNTY CL	Worl d Boo k Day		St. Patricks Day	Mot her Figur e's Day	Rama dan		East er

Predicte d Texts	https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resource/t-t-2566765-materials-book-list	https://www.twinkl.co.uk /resource/the-old-toy- room-ebook-t-or-1122	JULIAN IS A NER Jessica Love On the Way He All Murphy	WEBSTER'S friend WEBSTER'S EMOUNT WALEY Smartie the Penguin	Fair Trade Fortni ght Panc ake Day St Davi d's Day Julia Donalds on Focus	https://www.twinkl.co. uk/resource/t-l-54501- the-messy-magpie- ebook Harry and the Ocean	WHAT WE'LL		
	SUPERIATO DOSSIN		Jill Murphy Focus				OLIVER SEFFERS		
Christia	Perseverance	I.	10005		Justice	<u> </u>		I	
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Values				SCOUNC					





None the Number - Oliver Jeffers
Zero is the Leaves on the Tree - Betsy Franco
A Squash and a Squeeze - Julia Donaldson
Room on the Broom - Julia Donaldson
I Spy Numbers - Jean Marzello
Who Sank the Boat - Pamela Allen
Balancing Act - Ellen Stoll Walsh
A Beach for Albert - Eleanor May
Anno's Counting book - Mitsumasa Anno
The Ugly Five - Julia Donaldson
The Blue Balloon - Mirk Inkree

Six Dinner Sid - Inga Moore

Kipper's Toybox - Mick Inkpen

Sidney the Silly Only Eats Six - M W Penn

Anno's Counting Book - Mitsumasa Anno

What the Ladybird Heard - Julia Donaldson

Simon's Sock - Sue Hendra

Pairs! In the Garden - Smriti Prasadam-Halls

The Giraffe who got a Knot - John Bush

Titch - Pat Hutchins

Tall - Jez Alborough

Jack and the Beanstalk - Traditional

Jim and the Beanstalk - Raymond Briggs

Mr Wolf's Week - Colin Hawkins

Jasper's Beanstalk - Nick Butterworth

On	e Gorilla – Atsuko Morozumi
Мо	use Count - Ellen Stoll Walsh
Nin	e Naughty Kittens - Linda Jenny
Fea	ast for 10 - Cathryn Falwell
Cod	ckatoos – Quentin Blake
Mr	Magnolia - Quentin Blake
Ter	Black Dots - Donald Crews
The	Napping House - Audrey Wood & Don Wood
Eng	gines Engines - L Bruce & S Waterhouse
Мо	use Shapes – Ellen Stoll Walsh
Cha	anges Changes - Pat Hutchins
Pat	tern Bugs - Trudy Harris
Bus	sy Busy Busy - Haneul Ddang
Pat	tern Fish - Trudy Harris

C & L Listening, Attention and Understa

nding

- · Listens to others in one-to-one or small groups, when conversation interests them
- Listens to familiar stories with increasing attention and recall
- Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories Focusing attention can still listen or do, but can change their own focus of attention
- Is able to follow directions (if not intently focused)
- Understands use of objects (e.g. Which one do we cut with?)
- Shows understanding of prepositions such as under, on top, behind by carrying out an action or selecting correct picture
- Responds to instructions with more elements, e.g. Give the big ball to me; collect up all the blocks and put them in the box
- Beginning to understand why and how questions
- Shows variability in listening behaviour; may move around and fiddle but still be listening or sit still but not absorbed by activity
- May indicate two-channelled attention, e.g. paying attention to something of interest for short or long periods; can both listen and do for short span
- Understands a range of complex sentence structures including negatives, plurals and tense markers
- Beginning to understand humour, e.g. nonsense rhymes, jokes
- Able to follow a story without pictures or props
- Listens and responds to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion
- Understands questions such as who; why; when; where and how

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C&L Speaking

- Beginning to use more complex sentences to link thoughts (e.g. using and, because)
- Able to use language in recalling past experiences
- Can retell a simple past event in correct order (e.g. went down slide, hurt finger)
- Uses talk to explain what is happening and anticipate what might happen next
- · Questions why things happen and gives explanations. Asks e.g. who, what, when, how
- ARTSMARK T
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• Beginning to use a range of tenses (e.g. play, playing, will play, played)

- Continues to make some errors in language (e.g. runned) and will absorb and use language they hear around them in their community and culture
- Uses intonation, rhythm and phrasing to make the meaning clear to others
- Talks more extensively about things that are of particular importance to them
- Builds up vocabulary that reflects the breadth of their experiences
- Uses talk in pretending that objects stand for something else in play, e.g. This box is my castle
- Extends vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words
- Uses language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations
- Links statements and sticks to a main theme or intention
- Uses talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events
- Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play

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PSHE

How do we stay safe and healthy? My Marvellous Mind

P,S and E DSelf Regulatio

n

- Expresses a wide range of feelings in their interactions with others and through their behaviour and play, including excitement and anxiety, guilt and self-doubt
- May exhibit increased fearfulness of things like the dark or monsters etc and possibly have nightmares
- Talks about how others might be feeling and responds according to their understanding of the other person's needs and wants
- Is more able to recognise the impact of their choices and behaviours/actions on others and knows that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings
- Understands that expectations vary depending on different events, social situations and changes in routine, and becomes more able to adapt their behaviour in favourable conditions
- Understands their own and other people's feelings, offering empathy and comfort
- Talks about their own and others' feelings and behaviour and its consequences
- Attempts to repair a relationship or situation where they have caused upset and understands how their actions impact other people
- Is more able to manage their feelings and tolerate situations in which their wishes cannot be met
- Seeks support, "emotional refuelling" and practical help in new or challenging situations.
- Is aware of behavioural expectations and sensitive to ideas of justice and fairness
- Seeks ways to manage conflict, for example through holding back, sharing, negotiation and compromise

How I feel Changing Me

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P,S and E D

Managin g Self

- Is becoming more aware of the similarities and differences between themselves and others in more detailed ways and identifies themself in relation to social groups and to their peers
- Is sensitive to others' messages of appreciation or criticism
- Enjoys a sense of belonging through being involved in daily tasks
- Is aware of being evaluated by others and begin to develop ideas about themselves according to the messages they hear from others
- Shows their confidence and self-esteem through being outgoing towards people, taking risks and trying new things or new social situations and being able to express their needs and ask adults for help
- Recognises that they belong to different communities and social groups and communicates freely about own home and community
- Is more aware of their relationships to particular social groups and sensitive to prejudice and discrimination
- Shows confidence in speaking to others about their own needs, wants, interests and opinions in familiar group
- Can describe their competencies, what they can do well and are getting better at; describing themselves in positive but realistic terms
- Has a clear idea about what they want to do in their play and how they want to go about it Shows confidence in choosing resources and perseverance in carrying out a chosen activity

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P,S and E D Building Relations

hips

- Seeks out companionship with adults and other children, sharing experiences and play ideas
- Uses their experiences of adult behaviours to guide their social relationships and interactions
- Shows increasing consideration of other people's needs and gradually more impulse control
 in favourable conditions, e.g. giving up a toy to another who wants it
- Practices skills of assertion, negotiation and compromise and looks to a supportive adult for help in resolving conflict with peers
- Enjoys playing alone, alongside and with others, inviting others to play and attempting to join others' play
- Represents and recreates what they have learnt about social interactions from their relationships with close adults, in their play and relationships with others
- Develops particular friendships with other children, which help them to understand different points of view and to challenge their own and others' thinking
- Is increasingly flexible and cooperative as they are more able to understand other people's needs, wants and behaviours

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 Is increasingly socially skilled and will take steps to resolve conflicts with other children by negotiating and finding a compromise; sometimes by themselves, sometimes with support Returns to the secure base of a familiar adult to recharge and gain emotional support and practical help in difficult situations Is proactive in seeking adult support and able to articulate their wants and needs Some children may have had to make many different relationships in their life. This may have impacted on their understanding of what makes a consistent and stable relationship 	 Develops particular friendships with other children, which help them to understand different points of view and to challenge their own and others' thinking Is increasingly flexible and cooperative as they are more able to understand other people's needs, wants and behaviours Is increasingly socially skilled and will take steps to resolve conflicts with other children by negotiating and finding a compromise; sometimes by themselves, sometimes with support Returns to the secure base of a familiar adult to recharge and gain emotional support and practical help in difficult situations Is proactive in seeking adult support and able to articulate their wants and needs Some children may have had to make many different relationships in their life. This may have impacted on their understanding of what makes a consistent and stable relationship
Throwing Catching Perform own dance moves Copy or make up a short dance Move safely in a space	 Kicking – skills 2 play Multi – skills Perform own dance moves Copy or make up a short dance Move safely in a space
Climbs stairs, steps and moves across climbing equipment using alternate feet. Maintains balance using hands and body to stabilise Walks down steps or slopes whilst carrying a small object, maintaining balance and stability Runs with spatial awareness and negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles Can balance on one foot or in a squat momentarily, shifting body weight to improve stability Can grasp and release with two hands to throw and catch a large ball, beanbag or an object Creates lines and circles pivoting from the shoulder and elbow Chooses to move in a range of ways, moving freely and with confidence making changes to body shape, position and pace of movement such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping Experiments with different ways of moving, testing out ideas and adapting movements to reduce risk Jumps off an object and lands appropriately using hands, arms and body to stabilise and balance Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles Travels with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment Shows increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it	Climbs stairs, steps and moves across climbing equipment using alternate feet. Maintains balance using hands and body to stabilise Walks down steps or slopes whilst carrying a small object, maintaining balance and stability Runs with spatial awareness and negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles Can balance on one foot or in a squat momentarily, shifting body weight to improve stability Can grasp and release with two hands to throw and catch a large ball, beanbag or an object Creates lines and circles pivoting from the shoulder and elbow Chooses to move in a range of ways, moving freely and with confidence making changes to body shape, position and pace of movement such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping Experiments with different ways of moving, testing out ideas and adapting movements to reduce risk Jumps off an object and lands appropriately using hands, arms and body to stabilise and balance Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles Travels with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment
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WGLANO

RICHMOND MHODIST SCHOOL									rs increding or kid	asing control over cking it	an object in	pushing, p	oatting, th	nrowing,
DRIGALL the good we can Fine	Manipulates a range of tools of hairbrushes, toothbrush, scarves		n one hand, tools include	paintbru	ushes, sc	issors,		Manipulates a range of tools and equipment in one hand, tools include paintbrushes, scissors, hairbrushes, toothbrush, scarves or ribbons						
Motor Skills	Uses simple tools to effect cha Handles tools, objects, construintention Shows a preference for a dom Begins to use anticlockwise made and the second sec	ction and malle sinant hand ovement and re tters independe	eable materials safely and etrace vertical lines ently		J			 Hand increase Show Begin Uses	dles tool sing cor vs a pret ns to use ns to for a penci	ools to effect cho s, objects, constru- ntrol and intention ference for a don e anticlockwise m m recognisable le il and holds it effe rectly formed	uction and mo ninant hand ovement and etters indeper	alleable m d retrace v	vertical lir	nes
PD	Toothbrushing													
Healthc														Toothbru
are														shing
	Can tell adults when hungry, for Observes and can describe in Can name and identify differeratives a Takes practical action to reduct used safely Can wash and can dry hands Willing to try a range of differeration identify different parts of the body of the observes and controls breath Can mirror the playful actions. Working towards a consistent, understands why this is importan Gains more bowel and bladd themselves. Dresses with help, e.g. puts arrand pulls up zipper once it is fas	words or action of parts of the bace risk, showing effectively and not textures and all or movements daily pattern in the control and consinto open from	ns the effects of physical cody I their understanding that understands why this is in tastes and expresses a pr eep breaths, scrunching cof another adult or child relation to eating, toiletin can attend to toileting nee	equipment of the control of the cont	ent and to e. Can no asing the eeping ro of the tir	ools can ame and breath outines d me	I and	or play Obse on the Can Take equipr Can import Willin prefere Obse releasi Can Work sleepir Gain	erves and report bodies and continued to the continued to	and identify differenced action to reduce to tools can be used tools can be used a range of difference an name and identification to the playful actions ards a consistent, the sand understand bowel and bladdence and bladdence and understand to the playful actions ards a consistent, the playful actions ards a consistent, the playful actions ards a consistent, the playful actions ards and understand the playful actions ards a consistent, the playful actions ards and understand the playful actions ards a consistent, the playful actions are and understand the playful actions are also actions and the playful actions are also actions and the playful actions are also actions are also actions and the playful actions are also actions actions actions are also actions actions are also actions actions are	ent parts of the cerisk, showing a safely effectively a ent textures are notify different, able to take a or movemer daily patterneds why this is	tions the e ne body ing their un and unders and tastes of the deep bre ats of anot in relations in in relations	enderstand stands whand expressed be body eaths, scru her adult in to eating	physical activity ding that ny this is esses a unching and or child g, toileting and
	Eats a healthy range of foodst Describes a range of different they are combined or exposed Describes physical changes to sad	food textures a to hot and cold the body that	nd tastes when cooking of temperatures can occur when feeling u	and notic inwell, ai	nxious, tir	ed, ang		• Dress pulls u	ses with o own tr a health	he themselves. help, e.g. puts are ousers, and pulls by range of foods	up zipper ond	ce it is fast erstands n	ened at t	rhe bottom variety in food
	Can initiate and describe play Has established a consistent, can explain why this is important.	daily pattern in r	elation to eating, toileting	g and slee				notice		range of different les when they are				

can explain why this is important

Usually dry and clean during the day

temperatures

RICHMOND RICHMOND Doing all the good we can	• Shov • sleepii • Shov • Prad and ris
L Compreh ension	ELG- Dem and Antic rece rhym
L Word Reading	• Liste • Join to be • Talk: • Show • Rece • Look • Know • Know digital • Han

- Shows some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, drinking water, sleeping and hygiene can contribute to good health
- Shows understanding of the need for safety when tackling new challenges, and considers and manages some risks by taking independent action or by giving a verbal warning to others
- Shows understanding of how to transport and store equipment safely
- Practices some appropriate safety measures without direct supervision, considering both benefits and risk of a physical experience
- Describes physical changes to the body that can occur when feeling unwell, anxious, tired, angry or sad
- Can initiate and describe playful actions or movements for other children to mirror and follow
- Has established a consistent, daily pattern in relation to eating, toileting and sleeping routines and can explain why this is important
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Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary; - Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories; - Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.

- Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, when reading one-to-one and in small groups
- Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories Begins be aware of the way stories are structured, and to tell own stories
- Talks about events and principal characters in stories and suggests how the story might end
- · Shows interest in illustrations and words in print and digital books and words in the environment
- Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name, advertising logos and screen icons
- · Looks at and enjoys print and digital books independently
- Knows that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom
- Knows information can be relayed through signs and symbols in various forms (e.g. printed materials, digital screens and environmental print)
- Handles books and touch screen technology carefully and the correct way up with growing competence
- Begins to navigate apps and websites on digital media using drop down menu to select websites and icons to select apps
- Begins to develop phonological and phonemic awareness Shows awareness of rhyme and alliteration Recognises rhythm in spoken words, songs, poems and rhymes Claps or taps the syllables in words during sound play Hears and says the initial sound in words
- Enjoys an increasing range of print and digital books, both fiction and non-fiction
- Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of reading
- Describes main story settings, events and principal characters in increasing detail
- Re-enacts and reinvents stories they have heard in their play

ELG

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- Knows that information can be retrieved from books, computers and mobile digital devices Is able to recall and discuss stories or information that has been read to them, or they have read themselves
- Begins to recognise some written names of peers, siblings or "Mummy"/"Daddy" for example
- Begins to develop phonological and phonemic awareness Continues a rhyming string and identifies alliteration Hears and says the initial sound in words Begins to segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them Starts to link sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet Begins to link sounds to some frequently used digraphs, e.g. sh, th, ee
- Begins to read some high frequency words, and to use developing knowledge of letters and sounds to read simple phonically decodable words and simple sentences
- Engages with books and other reading materials at an increasingly deeper level, sometimes drawing on their phonic knowledge to decode words, and their knowledge of language structure, subject knowledge and illustrations to interpret the text
- Includes everyday literacy artefacts in play, such as labels, instructions, signs, envelopes, etc.

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Writing

- Makes up stories, play scenarios, and drawings in response to experiences, such as outings
- Sometimes gives meaning to their drawings and paintings
- Ascribes meanings to signs, symbols and words that they see in different places, including those they make themselves
- Includes mark making and early writing in their play
- Imitates adults' writing by making continuous lines of shapes and symbols (early writing) from left to right
- Attempts to write their own name, or other names and words, using combinations of lines, circles and curves, or letter-type shapes
- Shows interest in letters on a keyboard, identifying the initial letter of their own name and other familiar words
- Begins to make letter-type shapes to represent the initial sound of their name and other familiar words
- Enjoys creating texts to communicate meaning for an increasingly wide range of purposes, such as making greetings cards, tickets, lists, invitations and creating their own stories and books with images and sometimes with words, in print and digital formats Gives meaning to the marks they make as they draw, write, paint and type using a keyboard or touch-screen technology

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- Includes mark making and early writing in their play
- Imitates adults' writing by making continuous lines of shapes and symbols (early writing) from left to right
- Attempts to write their own name, or other names and words, using combinations of lines, circles and curves, or letter-type shapes
- \bullet Shows interest in letters on a keyboard, identifying the initial letter of their own name and other familiar words
- Begins to make letter-type shapes to represent the initial sound of their name and other familiar words
- Enjoys creating texts to communicate meaning for an increasingly wide range of purposes, such as making greetings cards, tickets, lists, invitations and creating their own stories and books with images and sometimes with words, in

* Begins to break the flow of speech into words, to hear and say the initial sound in words and may start to segment the sounds in words and blend them together * Starts to develop phonic knowledge by linking sounds to letters, naming and sounding some of the letters of the alphabet, identifying letters and writing recognisable letters in sequence, such as in their own name * Uses their developing phonic knowledge to write things such as labels and captions, later progress to simple sentences								
White Rose	Alive in 5	Growing 6,7,8						
Maths Number And Number Patterns	Comparison Compares two small groups of up to five objects, saying when there are the same number of objects in each group, e.g. You've got two, I've got two. Same! Counting May enjoy counting verbally as far as they can go Points or touches (tags) each item, saying one number for each item, using the stable order of 1,2,3,4,5. Uses some number names and number language within play, and may show fascination with large numbers Begin to recognise numerals 0 to 10 Cardinality • Subitises one, two and three objects (without counting) Counts up to five items, recognising that the last number said represents the total counted so far (cardinal principle) Links numerals with amounts up to 5 and maybe beyond Explores using a range of their own marks and signs to which they ascribe mathematical meanings Composition Through play and exploration, beginning to learn that numbers Beginning to use understanding of number	Comparison Uses number names and symbols when comparing numbers, showing interest in large numbers Estimates of numbers of things, showing understanding of relative size Counting Enjoys reciting numbers from 0 to 10 (and beyond) and back from 10 to 0 Increasingly confident at putting numerals in order to 10 (ordinality) Cardinality Engages in subitising numbers to four and maybe five Counts out up to 10 objects from a larger group Matches the numeral with a group of items to show how many there are (up to 10) Composition Shows awareness that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers, exploring partitioning in different ways with a wide range of objects Begins to conceptually subitise larger numbers by subitising smaller groups within the number, e.g. sees six raisins on a plate as three and three In practical activities, adds one and subtracts one with numbers to 10 Begins to explore and work out mathematical problems, using signs and strategies of their own choice, including (when appropriate) standard numerals, tallies and "+" or "-"						

to solve practical problems in play and

number is one more than the one before

Beginning to recognise that each counting

• Separates a group of three or four objects in

different ways, beginning to recognise that

meaninaful activities

the total is still the same

Measures

draw, write, paint and type using a keyboard or touch-screen technology • Begins to break the flow of speech into words, to hear and say the initial sound in words and may start to segment the sounds in words and blend them together • Starts to develop phonic knowledge by linking sounds to letters, naming and sounding some of the letters of the alphabet, identifying letters and writing recognisable letters in sequence, such as in their own name • Uses their developing phonic knowledge to write things such as labels and captions, later progressing to simple sentences Building 9 & 10 Consolid ation Comparison • Uses number names and symbols when comparing numbers, showing interest in large numbers • Estimates of numbers of things, showing understanding of relative size Countina • Enjoys reciting numbers from 0 to 10 (and beyond) and back from 10 to 0 • Increasingly confident at putting numerals in order 0 to 10 (ordinality) Cardinality • Engages in subitising numbers to four and maybe five • Counts out up to 10 objects from a larger group • Matches the numeral with a group of items to show how many there are (up to 10) Composition • Shows awareness that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers, exploring partitioning in different ways with a wide range of objects • Begins to conceptually subitise larger numbers by subitising smaller groups within the number, e.g. sees six raisins on a plate as three and three • In practical activities, adds one and subtracts one with numbers to 10 • Begins to explore and work out mathematical problems, using signs and strategies of their own choice, including (when appropriate) standard numerals, tallies and "+" or "-" Measures

• Enjoys tackling problems involving prediction and discussion of comparisons of length, weight or capacity, paying

• Becomes familiar with measuring tools in everyday

• Is increasingly able to order and sequence events using

• Beginning to experience measuring time with timers and

attention to fairness and accuracy

everyday language related to time

experiences and play

calendars

print and digital formats • Gives meaning to the marks they make as they

Measures

- Enjoys tackling problems involving prediction and discussion of comparisons of length, weight or capacity, paying attention to fairness and accuracy • Becomes familiar with measuring tools in everyday
- experiences and play
- Is increasingly able to order and sequence events using everyday language related to time
- Beginning to experience measuring time with flapers and calendars



R.M.S.						
FTHODIST SCHO	In meaningful contexts, finds the shorter, heavier or lighter and mo two items	e longer or ore/less full of				
Doing all the good we can	Nursery continues on the above	but				
	Reception moves to Range 6 Nursery checklist to ac	chieve all				
	of the above by the e					
	the term.					
U the W		Remembers and talks about			Τ	
Past and		significant events in their own				
Present		experienceTalks about past and present events				
		in their own life and in the lives of family members				
U the W People,		Shows interest in different				• Shows interest in the
Culture		occupations and ways of life indoors and outdoors				lives of people who
and						are familiar to them
Communi ties						 Enjoys
						joining in with family
						customs and routines
						 Recognises
						and describes special times
						or events for family or
						friends
						 Knows some of the things
						that make them unique,
						and can talk about some
						of the
						similarities and
			S COUN			differences in relation to

RICHMOND

RICHMOND R.M.S.					
Doing all the good we can					friends or family Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines Knows that other children do not always enjoy the same things, and is sensitive to this Knows about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities, cultures and traditions
U the W The Natural World	Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world Talks about why things happen and how things work Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time Shows care and concern for living things and the environment Begin to understand the effect their behaviour can have on the environment				



RICHMOND R.M.S.					
THODIST SCHOOL	Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change in nature.				
Doing all the good we can	Knows about similarities and				
	differences in relation to places, objects, materials and				
	living things • Talks about the features of				
	their own immediate environment and how				
	environments might vary from one another				
	 Makes observations of animals and plants and 				
	explains why some things occur, and talks about				
	changes				
Tablesol	Repeated Science Week				
Technol ogy			• Knows how to		
			operate simple		
			equipment, e.g. turns		
			on CD player, uses		
			a remote control,		
			can navigate touch-		
			capable technology		
			with support		
			• Shows an interest		
			in technologi		
			cal toys with knobs		
			or pulleys, real		
			objects such dsv		

RICHMOND H.M.S.	
3	cameras,
MI SCHOOL ST SCHOOL SCH	and
TODIST SC	touchscree
Doing all the good we can	n devices
bong an me goon we can	such as
	mobile
	phones
	and tablets
	• Shows skill
	in making
	toys work
	by pressing by pressing
	parts or
	lifting flaps
	to achieve
	effects
	such as
	sound,
	movement
	s or new
	images •
	Knows that
	information
	can be
	retrieved
	from digital
	devices
	and the
	internet •
	Plays with a
	range of
	materials
	to learn
	cause and
	effect, for
	example,
	makes a
	string
	puppet
	using
	dowels and
	string to
	suspend
	the pupper
	ine bobber
	• Commission
	Completes
	a simple program
	program

RICHMOND				
HODIST SCHOOL		on electronic		
700187 86		devices •		
oing all the good we can		Uses ICT hardware		
		to interact		
		with age		
		appropriat		
		e computer		
		software		
		• Can		
		create		
		content		
		such as a video		
		recording,		
		stories,		
		and/or		
		draw a picture on		
		screen		
		• Develops		
		digital		
		literacy		
		skills by being able		
		to access,		
		understand		
		and		
		interact		
		with a		
		range of technologi		
		es		
		• Can use		
		the internet		
		with adult supervision		
		to find and		
		retrieve		
		information		
		of interest to them		
E A & D	• Explores	10 IIIGIII	• Continues	Uses various
Creating	and learns		to explore	construction
with	how sounds		colour and	materials, e.g.
Materials	and	SCOUNC	how colours	joining pieces,
Maignais	movements	A AWARD F		stacking

R	I C	Н	M	0	N	D
1	1		҈	=	1	1
١	R	. 1	и.	5	-	ı

to explore Deing all the good we can	can be	can be	vertically and
	changed	changed	horizontally,
Opating 63	• Sings	Develops	balancing,
to explore	familiar songs,	an	making
Doing all the good we can MOVING IN O	e.g. pop	understandi	enclosures
range of	songs, songs	ng of using	and creating
ways, e.g.	from TV	lines to	spaces
mirroring,	programmes,	enclose a	Uses tools for
creating	rhymes, songs	space, and	a purpose
own	from home	begins to	• Uses their
movement	• Taps out	use drawing	increasing
patterns	simple	to represent	knowledge
• Enjoys	repeated	actions and	and
joining in	rhythms	objects	understanding
with	• Develops	based on	of tools and
	-	imagination,	materials to
moving,	an	observation	
dancing	understandin		explore their
and ring	g of how to	and	interests and
games	create and	experience	enquiries and
Begins to	use sounds		develop their
build a	intentionally		thinking
collection of			• Develops
songs and	 Makes 		their own
dances	music in a		ideas through
• Expresses	range of		experimentati
and	ways, e.g.		on with diverse
communica	plays with		materials, e.g.
tes working	sounds		light,
theories,	creatively,		projected
feelings and	plays along to		image, loose
understandi	the beat of		parts,
ngs using a	the song they		watercolours,
range of art	are singing or		powder paint,
forms, e.g.	music they		to express and
movement,	are listening		communicate
dance,	to		their
drama.			discoveries
music and			and
the visual			understanding
arts.			onderstanding
UIIS.			·
EA & D	Creates		• Uses
	representatio		available
Being	ns of both		resources to
Imaginati	imaginary		create props
ve and	and real-life		or creates
Exploring	ideas, events,		imaginary
LAPIOHING		<i>u</i> .	ones to
	people and objects CO	RK C	support play
	ODJECTS AWARE		Support play

RICHMOND R.M.S.

			• Offer
for school of the school of th			children a
Odren sch			wide variety of
nd adults			materials and
g all the good we can 5, Mirroring			resources,
hat is			both inside
oserved,			and outside
dding			that stimulate
ariations			their
nd then			imagination to
oing it			build, to
pontaneou			become, to
/			represent and
/ Engages			experiment
			with their
naginative			imaginative
ay based			play and
n own			thinking.
eas or first-			minking.
and or			
eer			
kperiences			
(periences			
Plays			
ongside			
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Co-create			
co-create pries with			
nildren			
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Initiates			
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ovements		S COUNTY AND F	
		4 F	

express and the state of the st

Uses combinatio ns of art forms, e.g. moving and singing, making and dramatic play, drawing and talking, constructing and mapping • Responds imaginativel y to art works and objects, e.g. this music sounds likes dinosaurs, that sculpture is squishy like this [child physically demonstrat es], that peg looks

like a mouth

A AWARD F

RICHMOND			
into the good we can point at the good we can			
into their Doing all the good we can play " Plays			
cooperative ly as part of a group to			
create, develop			
and act out an			
imaginary idea or narrative			
pressive			

